

in this subsection by filing written notice of such election with the industrial commission. *In determining the reasonableness of the size of the medical panel, the commission shall take into account the number of competent physicians immediately available to the community in which the medical service is required, and where only one such physician is available in such community, the tender of attention by such physician shall be construed as a compliance with the provisions of this section. In no event shall the employer be required to maintain a panel of more than three such physicians; except that in counties containing a city of the first class, a panel of not to exceed five such physicians shall be maintained.*

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1921.

No. 290, S.]

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## CHAPTER 415.

AN ACT to amend subsection 1 of section 25 of chapter 549, laws of 1909, as amended by section 17 of chapter 425, laws of 1911, as amended by section 2 of chapter 320, laws of 1913; and to create a new subsection of section 27 of chapter 549, laws of 1909, as amended by chapter 594, laws of 1917, as amended by chapter 171, laws of 1919, relating to the civil court of Milwaukee county.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Subsection 1 of section 25 of chapter 549, laws of 1909, as amended by section 17 of chapter 425, laws of 1911, as amended by section 2 of chapter 320, laws of 1913, is amended to read: (Chapter 549, laws of 1909, section 25) 1. All judgments, orders, and decrees made and entered in said civil court in all actions and proceedings shall have the same force, effect, and lien, and shall be docketed and carried into effect and enforced as judgments, orders and decrees made and entered in the circuit court; and all the remedies given and proceedings provided for the collection and enforcement of the judgments, orders and decrees of the circuit court shall apply to and be exercised by said civil court; provided, that in garnishment actions and actions governed by the provisions of subdivision 1 of section 14 of chapter 549 of the laws of 1909 as amended, it shall not be necessary to

make up or file a judgment roll; \* \* \* provided further, however, that no judgment entered in an action brought under the provisions of chapter 145 of the statutes, except for damages under section 3367 thereof, shall be entered upon the judgment docket of said civil court, or become a lien upon real estate, but said judgment shall be enforced pursuant to the provisions of section 3366 of said chapter 145, and any execution and writ of restitution issued thereunder shall be returnable in the same time as other executions from said civil court. Circuit court commissioners may exercise the same jurisdiction and powers in proceedings for the collection and enforcement of the judgments, orders and decrees of the civil court as they now have in proceedings for the collection and enforcement of judgments, orders and decrees of the circuit court. Whenever proceedings supplemental to execution shall be pursued before a judge of the civil court the same fees shall be collected as are payable to circuit court commissioners in similar proceedings. *And provided further, that it shall not be necessary for the clerk of said court to keep or enter judgments in a daily journal as provided in section 2901a of the statutes; but all such judgments shall be entered in a judgment docket as provided in section 2899 of the statutes, and shall be numbered consecutively, commencing with the number following the number of judgment last entered prior to the taking effect of this act, and such entry shall make such judgment a lien upon real estate, with the same force and to the same extent as if it had been entered in a daily journal.*

SECTION 2. A new subsection is added to section 27 of chapter 549, laws of 1909, as amended by chapter 594, laws of 1917, as amended by chapter 171, laws of 1919, to read: (Chapter 549, laws of 1909, section 27) 5. When any property taken on a writ of attachment or received by an officer from any garnishee in any action in the civil court shall be likely to perish or to depreciate in value before the probable end of the action or the keeping thereof shall be attended with much loss or expense the court or a judge may, by order, direct the same to be sold in such manner and upon such time and terms as the best interests of the parties demand, and the money realized shall be held by the officer in lieu of the property sold.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1921.